Articulating Transport Planning and Management

An UNESCAP Viewpoint

Peter O'Neill

Look into the future

• What will be our economic activity? heavy industry, service, manufacturing, tourism, agriculture, mining, forestry, financial

Can't go alone

 Partners, friends, public, private sector, Mayors, Transport Minister

• Who For?

 Business, private sector requirements- opportunities, rural connectivity, disadvantaged groups, home to work

• What should I consider?

Don't get locked in to unsustainable solutions, and take notice of the externalities - price and availability of oil, polluting unlivable cities, roads trying to catch up with car growth

The objectives

National and international priorities

- Economic growth, social needs, environment improvement
- Freight efficiency,
- Increased mobility,

The Rationale

- 1 High volume, high quality, high speed andlow cost
- Competitive trade and efficient mobility
- 3 The business Plan

Do your research

- Wider benefits of transport investments
- Feasibility and forecasting
- Understanding the options on provision and financing

. Who Benefits?

- Strategic priorities
- Assist farmers
- Assist businesses wherever they are
- New business sectors
- Get people to work

Considerations

- Sustainable economical environmental and social, a balanced approach creating a win-win situation.
- Planet or local
- Maintainable,
- What are we good at / technological leapfrog



Is what people and business want?

- Benefits all parts of society.
 High fuel efficiency, low pollutants, safe, low-cost, time-efficient.
- Connectivity is inter-connected, multi-modal and incorporates Ah and TAR and dry ports (consolidation) agreements.
- Public transport that is safe, reliable, frequent, affordable efficient, comfortable
- Priority to non-vehicular transport and pedestrianisation



• Forecasting, Measuring and evaluation

- What will be the nature of journeys in the future
- How do we react to changing circumstances?
- How do we know we getting it right?

Where do I get good policies, case studies and other's experience

- Join a network GMS, ESCAP
- Knowledge and support services that are independent and impartial
- Development of standards and uniform systems
- It worked elsewhere
- My Minister told me what to do

How do I manage all this?

- Work under one Ministry
- Clear roles and responsibilities between national and city level
- Create enabling funds and agencies (road funds, road agencies)



Financing options

- National and provincial funds
- Loans, credits, grants and blends
- Donor funds
- Infrastructure bonds
- Private sector funds
- Foreign reserves funds
- Sovereign wealth funds (equity/loans)
- Innovative climate funds, Bill Gates
- Public-private partnerships
- Revenue maximisation fuel levy, leveraged land values, tax capital gains

What else does ESCAP do?

- Meeting point for over 60 countries, a network centre and independent advice
- Contributes Asian/Pacific perspective into global systems and initiatives
- Regional connectivity facilitation
- Urban planning and transport
- Asset management and maintenance
- Inland and coastal waterways
- Financing options
- Not forgetting rural development.....

for Axia and the Pacific

Development of Day Foots

Guidelines for Minimum Standards and Codes of Professional Conduct for Freight Forwarders, Non-Vessel Operating Common Carriers and Multimodal Transport





The evolving strategic context...



Agricultural Sustainability Poverty/MDGs Trade/Growth people?

Development

- Producer Surplus
- Commodity Trade Emphasis
- Rehabilitation/Network
 k Expansion

- PRSPs
- Basic Access
- Impact Assessment
- Cross-sectoral
- HIV/AIDS

Local employment
Local materials
Local ownership
Capacity building
Local knowledge

- Maintenance
- Finance/Management
- Social
- Environmental

- Mulit-modal
- Trade Facilitation
- Cross border and regional
- Security/Customs

